

DTMc300 Multiple-Grating Double Monochromator

For those applications where the scattered light performance of a single monochromator is not sufficient, we recommend the DTMc300 double monochromator. These devices are supplied with either additive or subtractive dispersion, or they can be converted from one to the other by changing one of the grating turrets and the controlling software.

A swing away mirror allows instant change from double to single operation - a useful feature in UV-VIS-NIR systems. An order sorting filter wheel, essential for accurate measurement of continuous spectra, motorised slits, light sources and detectors are amongst the wide range of light measurement products available to complement the DTMc300.

The DTMc300 monochromator controls grating position using precision gears and a microprocessor-controlled microstepping drive. Up to three gratings are mounted on a turret which can be rotated through 360° allowing software selection of grating type and position.

A programmable detector changeover mirror and detection electronics with software selectable dual inputs allow spectral scans over wide wavelength ranges to be accomplished without manual intervention. The advantages of this drive include constant wavelength accuracy at all grating angles, very fast wavelength acquisition and zero backlash.



The optical layout of these instruments has been developed to minimise scattered light and maximise throughput. Effective internal baffling reduces general scatter while the novel mirror arrangement avoids rediffracted light which is often a problem shorter wavelengths. The use of large rectangular gratings enhances light throughput and maintains constant f number at high grating angles. As an option, for use with array detectors, the focusing mirror can be mounted on an externally controllable translation stage which allows fine focusing without disturbing the array.

Specification			
Configuration:	Czerny-Turner		
Focal length:	600mm		
Slits:	10µm to 10mm variable, fixed or motorised		
Slit height:	20mm		
Number of gratings:	1, 2 or 3		
Grating size:	68mm x 84mm		
Aperture ratio:	f/4.1 (at all grating angles)		
Resolution - additive - subtractive	0.05nm at reduced slit height, 0.15nm with full slit height 0.1nm at reduced slit height, 0.3nm with full slit height , both measured with 1200g/mm grating		
Dispersion - additive - subtractive	1.35nm/mm (1200g/mm) 2.7nm/mm		
Mechanical resolution of grating drive:	0.00072 degrees per motor step		
Wavelength acquisition speed:	1000nm/sec		
Wavelength accuracy:	± 0.2nm over full range of 1200g/mm grating		
Wavelength reproducibility:	± 0.05nm (1200g/mm)		



Bentham holds a stock of standard gratings for scanning and array use, as well as order sorting filters to cover up to $20\mu m$.

Array Gratings

Part No	Grooves/mm	Spectral range with 25mm array
T301H	100	810nm
T3015H	150	540nm
T303H	300	270nm
T306H	600	135nm

Key to Bentham grating part numbers.:

H = holographicR = ruled

Blaze wavelength follows H or R, with 'U' as decimal point, e.g. T312R0U5 = 0.75µm blaze

Order Sorting Filters

Part No.	Insertion Wavelength	Order sorts up to
OS400	400 nm	720 nm
OS700	700 nm	1300 nm
OS1250	1250 nm	2000 nm
OS2000	2000 nm	3900 nm
OS3800	3800 nm	7000 nm
OS7000	7000 nm	13000 nm
OS12000	12000 nm	20000 nm

Scanning Gratings

675 nm Optimum resolution in UV
900nm High resolution - low scatter in UV-VIS
100nm Low scatter, UV-VIS-NIR
900nm High resolution, high efficiency in UV-VIS
1200nm High efficiency in UV-VIS-NIR
1.8μm Optimum resolution in 1.1μm to 1.8μm region
2.5µm Fibre spectral loss
5.5µm General purpose IR
- 8μm Recommended 3-5μm
16.2μm General purpose IR - 10.6μm
21µm Recommended 8-14µm
27µm General purpose IR
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Options

252	Programmable filter wheel mounted just inside the entrance slit Remote operated swing-away mirror , can be fitted at entrance or exit (or both) where it can be used with a second slit or, in the case of the exit, with slit and array. Order sorting cannot be implemented at the alternative entrance slit, but the SAM is still useful for light sources not requiring order sorting, eg deuterium	
SAM		
MVSS	Motorised slit, allows software control of slit width and hence operating bandwidth	
FF	Fine focus, puts the focusing mirror on a translation stage and is a must for arrays. The FF option allows you to move the focal plane up to 25m outside the monochromator housing to fine focus on the array surface	

Dimensions (mm)





